

How To Make Hash Butter

STEP 2: INFUSING THE BUTTER WITH HASH Downloaded from www.whlarchitecture.com by *Deacon & Collins*
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INTRODUCTION TO HASH BUTTER: A CULINARY CANNABIS ESSENTIAL

Hash butter, often called cannabutter when made from cannabis flowers, is a foundational ingredient in the world of cannabis-infused cooking. When you specifically use hash—a concentrated form of cannabis made from the resin glands of the plant—you create a particularly potent and flavorful butter that can elevate everything from baked goods to savory dishes. Learning **how to make hash butter** opens the door to precise dosing, customized potency, and a deeper appreciation for the art of cannabis edibles.

Whether you are a seasoned home cook or a curious beginner, mastering this process allows you to transform a small amount of hash into a versatile cooking fat that can be used in countless recipes. The process is straightforward, but it requires attention to detail, especially when it comes to temperature control and infusion time. In this guide, you will learn every step involved, from selecting the right hash to properly storing your finished butter.

WHAT IS HASH BUTTER AND WHY MAKE IT?

Hash butter is simply butter that has been infused with the cannabinoids and terpenes from hashish. Hash itself is a concentrated form of cannabis that contains higher levels of THC, CBD, and other active compounds compared to raw cannabis flower. This makes hash butter an efficient and potent choice for those who want strong effects without using large amounts of plant material.

There are several reasons why learning **how to make hash butter** is a valuable skill. First, hash has a more refined flavor profile than cannabis flower, often carrying notes of spice, earth, or citrus depending on the strain. Second, because hash is already processed and dried, it often requires less decarboxylation time. Third, hash butter typically has a cleaner appearance and texture than butter made from unprocessed flower, as there is less plant matter to strain out.

Benefits of Using Hash Instead of Flower

Using hash for butter offers distinct advantages. The concentration of cannabinoids in hash means you can achieve the same potency with a smaller volume of material. This results in a more subtle herbal flavor, which allows the taste of your recipes to shine through. Additionally, hash butter tends to be smoother and less gritty, making it ideal for delicate preparations like sauces, frostings, or fine pastries.

Another benefit is consistency. Hash is a homogeneous product, so each batch of butter you make from the same hash source will have predictable potency. This makes it easier to calculate dosage and replicate successful recipes.

ESSENTIAL INGREDIENTS AND EQUIPMENT FOR HASH BUTTER

Before you begin, gather your ingredients and equipment. Having everything ready ahead of time ensures a smooth process and reduces the risk of mistakes.

Ingredients You Will Need

- **Hash:** You can use any type of hash, including bubble hash, dry sift, or pressed hash. The quality of your hash directly affects the flavor and potency of your butter. Aim for 3 to 10 grams of hash per cup of butter, depending on your desired strength.
- **Unsalted Butter:** Unsalted butter is preferred because it allows you to control the salt content in your recipes. It also has a cleaner taste. You can use salted butter if needed, but be aware that it will add salt to your final product.
- **Water:** A small amount of water helps regulate temperature during infusion and prevents the butter from burning. It also helps pull out impurities.
- **Sunflower Lecithin (Optional):** Lecithin is an emulsifier that can improve the absorption of cannabinoids in your body and help the butter and water combine more smoothly. It is not essential, but many experienced makers include it.

Equipment You Will Need

- **Saucepan or Double Boiler:** A double boiler is ideal because it provides gentle, indirect heat. If you use a saucepan, use the lowest heat setting possible.
- **Cheesecloth or Fine Mesh Strainer:** You will need this to strain the hash solids from the finished butter. Cheesecloth works best because it catches fine particles.
- **Glass or Ceramic Bowl:** For collecting the strained butter.
- **Baking Sheet and Parchment Paper:** These are used for decarboxylating the hash in the oven.
- **Thermometer:** A kitchen thermometer is crucial for monitoring temperature. Cannabinoids are sensitive to heat, and keeping the butter below 200°F (93°C) is essential.
- **Storage Container:** An airtight glass jar or silicone container works well for storing your finished hash butter.

STEP 1: DECARBOXYLATION - ACTIVATING THE CANNABINOIDS

Decarboxylation is the process of heating hash to convert non-psychoactive THCA into active THC. Without this step, your butter will have little to no psychoactive effect. This is arguably the most important part of learning **how to make hash butter** correctly.

Preheat your oven to 220°F to 240°F (105°C to 115°C). While the oven is heating, break your hash into small, uniform pieces. Spreading the hash on a parchment-lined baking sheet in a thin, even layer ensures consistent decarboxylation. Bake the hash for approximately 20 to 30 minutes. You will know it is ready when the hash becomes slightly darker and crumbly. It may also give off a nutty or toasted aroma.

Be careful not to overheat the hash, as this can degrade the cannabinoids and result in a less potent butter. Let the decarboxylated hash cool completely before moving to the infusion step.

Once your hash is decarboxylated, it is time to infuse it into the butter. This step requires patience and careful temperature control.

1. **Melt the Butter:** Place your butter and a small amount of water (about one cup of water for every cup of butter) in a saucepan or double boiler. Use low heat to melt the butter completely. The water helps prevent the butter from scorching and also absorbs some water-soluble impurities.
2. **Add the Decarboxylated Hash:** Once the butter is fully melted, stir in the cooled hash. Make sure the hash is evenly distributed throughout the butter mixture.
3. **Simmer Gently:** Maintain the mixture at a low simmer. The temperature should stay between 160°F and 190°F (70°C to 88°C). Do not let it boil. Allow the mixture to simmer for 2 to 3 hours, stirring occasionally. The longer you infuse, the more cannabinoids will be extracted, but going beyond 4 hours can lead to diminished quality.
4. **Monitor the Temperature:** Use your thermometer to check the temperature periodically. If it gets too high, reduce the heat or add a splash of cool water to bring it back down.

Why Low and Slow Works Best

The gentle, extended infusion method ensures that you extract the maximum amount of cannabinoids and terpenes from the hash while preserving their integrity. High heat can destroy these delicate compounds, resulting in a less flavorful and less potent butter. The low-and-slow approach is the hallmark of anyone who truly understands **how to make hash butter** at a high level.

STEP 3: STRAINING THE HASH BUTTER

After the infusion is complete, you need to separate the liquid butter from the spent hash solids. This step gives you a smooth, clean butter that is ready for cooking.

Place a piece of cheesecloth over the mouth of a glass bowl or jar. Secure it with a rubber band or hold it in place. Carefully pour the warm butter mixture through the cheesecloth. Let it drain naturally. You can gently squeeze the cheesecloth to extract more butter, but be careful not to press too hard, as this can push fine sediment into the butter.

If you want an exceptionally clear butter, you can strain it a second time through a finer mesh or a paper coffee filter. This is optional but recommended for recipes where appearance matters.

STEP 4: COOLING AND SEPARATING

Once strained, allow the butter to cool to room temperature. Then, place it in the refrigerator for at least one hour, or until the butter solidifies. The water you added during infusion will separate from the butter and settle at the bottom. Once the butter is solid, you can lift it out of the container and discard the water. This step purifies the butter and removes any remaining impurities.

If you notice any water droplets trapped in the butter, simply wipe them off with a paper towel. Your finished hash butter is now ready to use or store.

TIPS FOR MAXIMIZING POTENCY AND FLAVOR

Making excellent hash butter is about more than just following steps. Small adjustments can make a big difference in the final product.

Choose Quality Hash

The quality of your hash determines the quality of your butter. Full-melt bubble hash or well-made dry sift will produce the best results. Avoid hash that has a harsh or chemical smell, as this can transfer to your butter.

Add Lecithin for Better Absorption

Adding a teaspoon of sunflower or soy lecithin per cup of butter during the infusion can improve the emulsification and increase the bioavailability of cannabinoids. This means your edibles may take effect more quickly and feel more potent.

Control Your Temperature Religiously

Even a few degrees above 200°F can degrade THC. Use a reliable thermometer and check it often. If you are using a saucepan, consider placing a heat diffuser under the pan to distribute heat more evenly.

Consider a Second Infusion

If you want extra-strong butter, you can reuse the same butter with a fresh batch of decarboxylated hash. This is a technique used by experienced makers who know **how to make hash butter** that rivals commercial products.

DOSAGE GUIDELINES AND HOW TO USE HASH BUTTER

Dosing hash butter requires some basic math. If you use 5 grams of hash with 20% THC content, the total amount of THC in your butter is 1000 milligrams. If your recipe uses the entire batch of butter and yields 20 servings, each serving contains approximately 50 milligrams of THC. For beginners, a dose of 5 to 10 milligrams is recommended, so you should adjust the serving size accordingly.

Always start low and go slow when trying a new batch of hash butter. The effects of edibles can take 30 to 90 minutes to appear and may last for several hours.

Ways to Use Hash Butter in Cooking

- **Baking:** Use hash butter in cookies, brownies, cakes, or muffins. Replace the butter or oil in any recipe with your infused butter.

- **Savory Dishes:** Hash butter works beautifully in mashed potatoes, pasta sauces, sautéed vegetables, or as a spread on bread.
- **Beverages:** Stir a small pat of hash butter into hot tea, coffee, or hot chocolate for a soothing drink.
- **Toppings:** Drizzle melted hash butter over popcorn, grilled corn, or roasted meats for an infused finishing touch.

STORING YOUR HASH BUTTER

Proper storage preserves the potency and flavor of your hash butter. Store it in an airtight container in the refrigerator for up to two weeks. For longer storage, wrap the butter tightly in plastic wrap and place it in a freezer-safe bag. Frozen hash butter will maintain its quality for at least three months. Label your container with the date and estimated potency so you always know what you are working with. This is especially helpful if you make multiple batches with different strengths.

COMMON MISTAKES TO AVOID

Even experienced cooks can make errors when learning **how to make hash butter**. Avoid these common pitfalls:

- **Skipping decarboxylation:** This renders your butter inactive. Always decarb your hash first.
- **Boiling the mixture:** High heat destroys cannabinoids and creates a bitter taste. Keep the temperature low.
- **Using too much water:** Excess water can dilute the flavor. Use roughly equal parts water and butter.
- **Over-straining:** Pressing too hard on the cheesecloth pushes plant material into the butter, making it cloudy and bitter.
- **Not testing potency:** Always test a small amount